

# TOURIST ATTRACTIONS IN POZNAŃ



## I. THE OLD MARKET SQUARE

The Old Market Square has been the vibrant center of the city since 1253. Here, you can admire the most stunning townhouses, explore numerous museums and attractions, and enjoy popular restaurants. The 16th-century Town Hall, widely regarded as one of the most beautiful Renaissance buildings north of the Alps, also stands here. Every day at noon, the famous two goats emerge from its tower and butt heads 12 times.



1. **Town hall - Poznań Museum**  
(<https://mnp.art.pl>)
2. **Museum of the Wielkopolska Uprising of 1918-1919**  
([www.wmn.poznan.pl/](http://www.wmn.poznan.pl/))
3. **Royal Castle**  
(<https://mnp.art.pl>)
4. **Archaeological Museum**  
(<https://nowa.muzarp.poznan.pl/>)
5. **National Museum in Poznań**  
(<https://mnp.art.pl>)



## II. OSTROW TUMSKI

Ostrów Tumski, also known as Cathedral Island, is home to the oldest church discovered in Poland, dating back to around 965 AD. It also serves as the seat of Poland's first diocese and houses the country's oldest cathedral, built during the reign of Mieszko I. Inside, visitors can explore the memorial mausoleum of the early rulers and remnants of earlier structures, including the graves of Mieszko I and Bolesław the Brave. The crypts still contain a christening bowl, and in past centuries, the cathedral served as a royal burial site, with eight of Poland's first rulers interred there.



### 6. Poznań Cathedral

([www.katedra.archpoznan.pl](http://www.katedra.archpoznan.pl))

### 7. The Archaeological Reserve Genius Loci

(<https://rezerwat.muzarp.poznan.pl>)

### 8. Porta Posnania

(<https://bramapoznania.pl>)



### III. IMPERIAL QUARTER

The Imperial Quarter, or Dzielnica Cesarska, is the youngest of Poznań's historic districts, centered around ul. Święty Marcin (Saint Martin's Street). Its focal point is the Zamek Cesarski (Imperial Palace), constructed over a century ago for the last German Emperor, Wilhelm II. During the interwar period, the palace halls hosted university lectures, while in World War II, it was repurposed as Hitler's residence. Since the 1960s, the building has functioned as a cultural center and remains the largest such venue in the Wielkopolska region today.

#### 9. Imperial Palace

([www.zamek.poznan.pl](http://www.zamek.poznan.pl))

#### 10. Adam Mickiewicz Square

(ul. Święty Marcin)

#### 11. Enigma Cipher Centre

([www.csenigma.pl](http://www.csenigma.pl))

#### 12. Poznań Uprising Museum - June 1956

(<https://mnp.art.pl>)



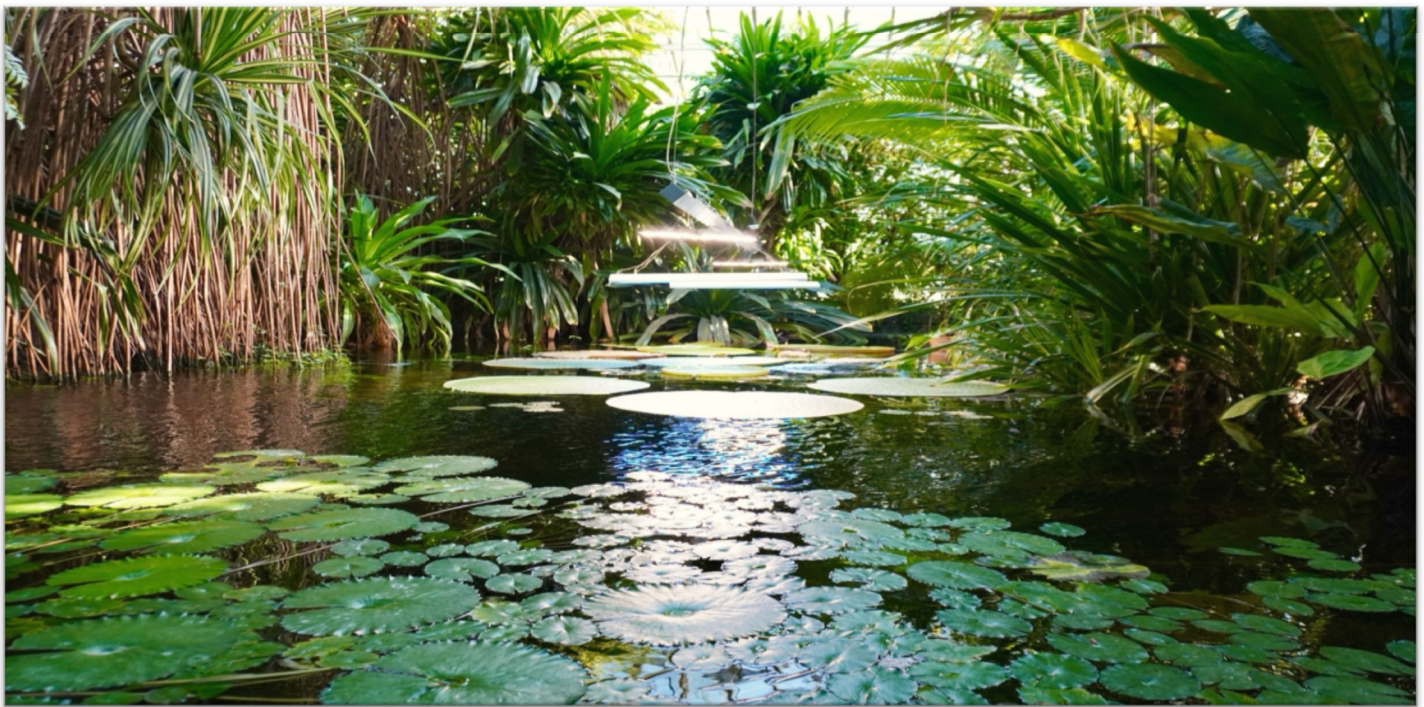


**IV. OTHER ATTRACTIONS**

**13. Citadel Park**  
(al. Armii Poznań)

**14. Sołacki Park**  
(Sołacz)





## V. ATTRACTIONS FOR CHILDREN IN POZNAŃ

### 15. Poznań Palm House

(<https://palmiarnia.poznan.pl>)

### 16. Poznań Croissant Museum

([www.rogalowemuzeum.pl](http://www.rogalowemuzeum.pl))

### 17. Old Zoo

(<https://zoo.poznan.pl>)

### 18. Malta Thermal Baths

(<https://termymaltanskie.com.pl>)

### 19. Maltanka Park Railway

(<https://www.mpk.poznan.pl/en/maltanka-park-railway/>)

### 20. New Zoo

(<https://zoo.poznan.pl>)

### 21. Copernicus Space Station

(<https://stacjacopernicus.pl>)

